The strains are found to be of the form

$$\epsilon_{\mathbf{r}} = \epsilon_{\theta} = a_{7}$$

$$\epsilon_{\mathbf{z}} = -2a_{7}, \quad \gamma_{\mathbf{r}\mathbf{z}} = 0$$
(70)

Using, once again, the format given previously, the stresses become

$$\sigma_{r} = \sigma_{\theta} = T_{r} = 0$$

$$\sigma_{z} = \sigma_{0} + b(2a_{7})^{n}$$
(71)

and a_7 is determined from the radial boundary condition.

$$a_7 = (R - R_0)/R$$
 (72)

4. Two-Dimensional Hollow Wafer - With Shear. The admittance of a concentric hole along the wafer axis does not alter the form of the normal and shear stress equations, although the displacement coefficients will be different